JA-25.15 Fixed Angle Rotor

Used In Beckman Coulter J2 and Avanti® J Series Centrifuges (except Avanti J-E)
SAFETY NOTICE

This safety notice summarizes information basic to the safe use of the rotor described in this manual. The international symbol displayed above is a reminder to the user that all safety instructions should be read and understood before operation or maintenance of this equipment is attempted. When you see the symbol on other pages throughout this publication, pay special attention to the specific safety information presented. Observance of safety precautions will also help to avoid actions that could damage or adversely affect the performance of the rotor. This rotor was developed, manufactured, and tested for safety and reliability as part of a Beckman Coulter centrifuge/rotor system. Its safety or reliability cannot be assured if used in a centrifuge not of Beckman Coulter’s manufacture or in a Beckman Coulter centrifuge that has been modified without Beckman Coulter’s approval.

Handle body fluids with care because they can transmit disease. No known test offers complete assurance that such fluids are free of micro-organisms. Some of the most virulent—Hepatitis (B and C) viruses, HIV (I–V), atypical mycobacteria, and certain systemic fungi—further emphasize the need for aerosol protection. Handle other infectious samples according to good laboratory procedures and methods to prevent spread of disease. Because spills may generate aerosols, observe proper safety precautions for aerosol containment. Do not run toxic, pathogenic, or radioactive materials in this rotor without taking appropriate safety precautions. Biosafe containment should be used when Risk Group II materials (as identified in the World Health Organization Laboratory Biosafety Manual) are handled; materials of a higher group require more than one level of protection.

The rotor and accessories are not designed for use with materials capable of developing flammable or explosive vapors. Do not centrifuge such materials in nor handle or store them near the centrifuge.

Although rotor components and accessories made by other manufacturers may fit in the JA-25.15 rotor, their safety in this rotor cannot be ascertained by Beckman Coulter. Use of other manufacturers’ components or accessories in the JA-25.15 rotor may void the rotor warranty and should be prohibited by your laboratory safety officer. Only the components and accessories listed in this publication should be used in this rotor.

Do not run an empty rotor. Place filled tubes in at least two opposing cavities. Make sure that filled containers are loaded symmetrically into the rotor and that opposing tubes are filled to the same level with liquid of the same density.

If disassembly reveals evidence of leakage, and pathogenic or radioactive materials are involved, you should assume that some fluid escaped the rotor. Apply appropriate decontamination procedures to the centrifuge and accessories.

Never exceed the maximum rated speed of the rotor and labware in use. Refer to the section on RUN SPEEDS.

Do not use sharp tools on the rotor that could cause scratches in the rotor surface. Corrosion begins in scratches and may open fissures in the rotor with continued use.
JA-25.15 FIXED ANGLE ROTOR

SPECIFICATIONS

Maximum speed .................. 25 000 rpm*
Critical speed range† ................. 600 to 800 rpm
Maximum solution density ................. 1.2 g/mL
Relative Centrifugal Field‡ at maximum speed
Outer row of tubes
- at $r_{\text{max}}$ (106 mm) .......................... 74 200 × g
- at $r_{\text{min}}$ (52 mm) .......................... 36 400 × g
Inner row of tubes
- at $r_{\text{max}}$ (86 mm) .......................... 60 200 × g
- at $r_{\text{min}}$ (32 mm) .......................... 22 400 × g
$k$ factors at maximum speed
- Outer row of tubes ....................... 265
- Inner row of tubes ....................... 380
Conditions requiring speed reduction ........ see RUN SPEEDS
Number of tube cavities ................... 24
Available bottles and tubes ............. see Table 3
Tube angle ...................... 25°
Nominal tube capacity ...................... 15 mL
Nominal dimensions of largest tube ... 18 × 100 mm
Nominal rotor capacity .................... 360 mL
Rotor weight, empty ..................... 7.7 kg (17 lb)
Rotor weight, maximum sample mass ...... 7.9 kg (18.5 lb)
Approximate acceleration time to maximum speed (rotor fully loaded)
in an Avanti J centrifuge (to 25 000 rpm) ................... 3 1/4 min
in a J2 series centrifuge (to 21 000 rpm) ................... 2 min
Approximate deceleration time from maximum speed (rotor fully loaded, max. brake)
in an Avanti J centrifuge (from 25 000 rpm) ................... 1 1/4 min
in a J2 series centrifuge (from 21 000 rpm) ................... 2 1/4 min
Rotor material .................. aluminum
Rotor entry code for microprocessor-controlled J2 series instruments .................. 25.1

* At 25 000 rpm, at an ambient temperature of 25°C or below, the minimum rotor temperature is 4°C. Above 25°C ambient, 4°C may not be achievable at 25 000 rpm. In Avanti J-20XP and J-26XP series, above 20 000 rpm the minimum temperature set point will be above 4°C.
† The critical speed range is the range of speeds over which the rotor shifts so as to rotate about its center of mass. Passing through the critical speed range is characterized by some vibration.
‡ Relative Centrifugal Field (RCF) is the ratio of the centrifugal acceleration at a specified radius and speed ($r\omega^2$) to the standard acceleration of gravity ($g$) according to the following formula:

$$ RCF = \frac{r\omega^2}{g} $$

where $r$ is the radius in millimeters, $\omega$ is the angular velocity in radians per second ($2\pi \text{ RPM} /60$), and $g$ is the standard acceleration of gravity (9807 mm/s²). After substitution:

$$ RCF = 1.12 \left( \frac{\text{RPM}}{1000} \right)^2 $$
This rotor has been manufactured in a registered ISO 9001 or 9002 facility for use with the specified Beckman Coulter centrifuges.

The JA-25.15 fixed angle rotor, rated for 25 000 rpm, is designed to hold up to twenty-four 15-mL tubes in two concentric rows at a 25-degree angle (see Figure 1). Used in Beckman Coulter Avanti® J (except Avanti J-E) and J2 series centrifuges, the JA-25.15 rotor develops centrifugal forces that are especially efficient in pelleting subcellular particles, bacteria, algae, and chloroplasts, or in short-column banding of viruses and subcellular particles.

The dual-locking lid assembly allows the rotor to be loaded into and removed from the centrifuge with the lid attached. The rotor may be placed under a safety hood before the lid is attached or removed. If biosafety is not a concern, a single-locking lid mechanism is also available. The rotor with the dual-locking lid assembly has been tested\(^1\) to demonstrate containment of microbiological aerosols under normal conditions of the associated Beckman Coulter centrifuge when used and maintained as instructed.

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\(^1\) Validation of microbiological containment was done at an independent third-party testing facility (CAMR, Porton Down, UK, or USAMRIID, Ft. Detrick, MD, U.S.A.). Improper use or maintenance may affect seal integrity and thus containment.
The JA-25.15 rotor has a patented fluid-containment annulus, located below the O-ring sealing surface (see Figure 2). If tubes are overfilled or if leakage occurs during centrifugation, the annulus holds enough volume that all of the liquid is kept inside the rotor—even if all tubes leak at the same time. This feature virtually eliminates the escape of liquid into the centrifuge chamber.

The rotor and lid are made of anodized aluminum. Two O-rings made of Buna N rubber, both located in the rotor lid, help to maintain atmospheric pressure inside the rotor during centrifugation when they are properly lubricated. Vertical pins in the rotor drive hole mate with grooves in the centrifuge drive hub to prevent the rotor from slipping during acceleration and deceleration.

See the Warranty at the back of this manual for warranty information.

PREPARATION AND USE

Specific information about the JA-25.15 fixed angle rotor is given here. Use your centrifuge instruction manual along with this manual for complete rotor and accessory operating information.
**NOTE**

Although rotor components and accessories made by other manufacturers may fit in the JA-25.15 rotor, their safety in this rotor cannot be ascertained by Beckman Coulter, Inc. Use of other manufacturers’ components or accessories in the JA-25.15 rotor may void the rotor warranty and should be prohibited by your laboratory safety officer. Only the components and accessories listed in this publication should be used in this rotor.

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**PRERUN SAFETY CHECKS**

Read the Safety Notice page at the front of this manual before using the rotor.

1. Make sure that the rotor, lid, and all tubes and accessories are clean and show no signs of corrosion or cracking.

2. Check the chemical compatibilities of all materials used. (Refer to Chemical Resistances, publication IN-175, or to Appendix A in Rotors and Tubes.)

3. Verify that the tubes being used are listed in Table 3.

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**ROTOR PREPARATION**

For runs at other than room temperature, refrigerate or warm the rotor beforehand for fast equilibration.

1. Be sure that metal threads in the rotor are clean and lightly but evenly lubricated with Spinkote™ lubricant (306812). Also ensure that O-rings are lightly but evenly coated with silicone vacuum grease.

2. Load the filled containers symmetrically into the rotor. (Refer to TUBES AND BOTTLES on page 12 for information about containers.) If fewer than twenty-four tubes are being run, they must be arranged symmetrically in the rotor (see Figure 3). Opposing tubes must be filled to the same level with liquid of the same density.
Operation

- Precool the rotor in a centrifuge or in a refrigerator before use—especially before short runs—to ensure that the rotor reaches the set temperature. A suggested precooling cycle is a minimum of 30 minutes at 2000 rpm at the required temperature.

- If fluid containment is required, use capped tubes. It is strongly recommended that all containers carrying physiological fluids be capped to prevent leakage.

- If you are using a microprocessor-controlled J2 series centrifuge, be sure to enter rotor code 25.1. If you are using an Avanti J series centrifuge, select the JA-25.15 rotor. Refer to your centrifuge instruction manual for additional information.

Installing the Rotor

1. J2 series centrifuges only: to prevent the rotor from sticking to the centrifuge drive hub, apply a thin coat of Spinkote lubricant to the rotor drive pins and to the lid knob threads.
2. Lightly coat the large and small O-rings with silicone vacuum grease.

3. *Dual-locking lid only*: place filled tubes into the rotor, then place the lid on the rotor and turn the daisy knob to the right (clockwise) until secure. Do not overtighten.

4. Carefully lower the rotor straight down onto the centrifuge drive spindle hub. *Do not drop the rotor onto the spindle hub.*

5. Place your hand on the rotor. Slowly turn the rotor clockwise (to the right) and counterclockwise (to the left) several times to ensure that it is properly seated on the spindle hub.

6. Secure the rotor to the centrifuge drive spindle as follows:

   *Dual-locking lid*: press the lid knob down and turn it to the right (clockwise) until secure, no more than two full turns. Do not overtighten.

   *Single-locking lid*: place filled tubes into the rotor, then place the lid on the rotor. Press the lid knob down and turn it to the right (clockwise) until secure. Do not overtighten.

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**WARNING**

*If the rotor is left in the centrifuge between runs, make sure that the rotor is seated on the drive hub and that the tie-down knob is tight before each run.*

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**TEMPERATURE**

To ensure that the JA-25.15 rotor reaches the required temperature during the run, follow the instructions below for the centrifuge model being used.

**Avanti J Series Centrifuges**

Enter the run temperature according to the instructions in your centrifuge instruction manual. No additional input is required.
J2 Series Centrifuges

Enter the required run temperature and the appropriate compensation units (see Tables 1 and 2) on the centrifuge control panel as follows.

Table 1. Temperature Compensation Settings for Analog and Microprocessor-Controlled Centrifuges (Models J2-HS, J2-21, J2-MI, J2-21M, J2-MC and J2-21M/E).
Interpolate if intermediate values are required.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Rotor Speed (rpm)</th>
<th>Required Sample Temperature (°C)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>–20</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>21 000</td>
<td>N</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>18 000</td>
<td>N</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>15 000</td>
<td>–6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10 000</td>
<td>–3</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

An “N” indicates that the rotor cannot achieve the required temperature at this speed.

Table 2. Temperature Compensation Settings for the Model J2-HC Analog Centrifuge.
Interpolate if intermediate values are required.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Rotor Speed (rpm)</th>
<th>Required Sample Temperature (°C)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>–20</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>18 000</td>
<td>–8</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>15 000</td>
<td>–6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10 000</td>
<td>–3</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
**Analog J2 Series Centrifuges (Models J2-HS, J2-21, and J2-HC)**

1. Turn the SET knob on the centrifuge control panel to the desired sample temperature.

2. Find the compensation value in Table 1 for Models J2-HS and J2-21, or Table 2 for Model J2-HC, that corresponds with the desired temperature and run speed. Set the COMP dial to that setting. (Interpolate if intermediate values are required.)

**NOTE**
Temperature settings for J-21 series centrifuges must be empirically determined.

**Microprocessor-Controlled J2 Series Centrifuges (Models J2-MI, J2-21M, J2-MC, and J2-21M/E)**

1. Press the [TEMP] key on the centrifuge control panel and then use the keypad to enter the desired sample temperature.

2. Find the compensation value in Table 1 that corresponds with the desired temperature and run speed.

3. Press [COMP ADJ]. The word “COMP” flashes below the TEMPERATURE display and the display flashes.

4. Use the keypad to enter the desired compensation value. Press the [±.] key to enter a minus sign; pressing it again will remove the minus sign.

5. Check the temperature display. (If the entry is incorrect, press [CE] and reenter the digits.)

6. When the entry is correct, press [ENTER/RECALL].

**NOTE**
To clear a COMP ADJ entry, press [COMP ADJ], [0], and [ENTER/RECALL].
RUN PROCEDURE

When the rotor is properly loaded and installed in the centrifuge, you are ready to perform the run. Refer to the applicable centrifuge instruction manual for operating instructions.

⚠️ WARNING

Operator error or tube failure may generate aerosols. Toxic, pathogenic, or other hazardous materials must not be run in this rotor unless all appropriate safety precautions are taken. Also see the Safety Notice at the beginning of this manual.

⚠️ CAUTION

Make sure that the rotor is properly seated on and securely fastened to the drive hub before each run.

REMOVAL AND SAMPLE RECOVERY

⚠️ CAUTION

If disassembly reveals evidence of leakage, you should assume that some fluid escaped the rotor. Apply all appropriate safety and decontamination procedures to the centrifuge and accessories.
**Dual-locking Lid**

1. Place one hand on the rotor to keep it from turning. Grasp the round lid knob with your other hand and turn the knob to the left (counterclockwise) until the stem disengages from the drive hub threads.

2. Hold the knob or place your hands on the rotor and lift the rotor straight up off the drive hub.

3. Place the rotor on a counter or bench top under a safety hood.

4. Grasp the daisy knob and turn it to the left (counterclockwise) until it disengages.

5. Remove the lid and set it aside.

**Single-locking Lid**

1. Unscrew the lid knob.

2. Remove the lid and set it aside.

3. Lift the rotor straight up off the drive hub to avoid bending or damaging the hub.

**TUBES AND BOTTLES**

The JA-25.15 rotor uses the tubes and bottles listed in Table 3. Be sure to use only those items listed, and to observe the maximum speed limits and fill volumes shown. (Maximum fill volume is the maximum amount that can be centrifuged in the container listed.)

Refer to Appendix A in *Rotors and Tubes* for information on the chemical resistances of tube and accessory materials.
Table 3. Beckman Coulter Tubes and Bottles for the JA-25.15 Rotor.
Use only the items listed here and observe fill volumes and maximum run speeds.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Tube or Bottle</th>
<th>Required Accessory</th>
<th>Max. Fill Volume&lt;sup&gt;a&lt;/sup&gt; (mL)</th>
<th>Max Speed&lt;sup&gt;b&lt;/sup&gt;</th>
<th>RCF&lt;sup&gt;c&lt;/sup&gt;/k Factor</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Dimensions and Volume</td>
<td>Description</td>
<td>Part Number</td>
<td>Description</td>
<td>Part Number</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>18 × 100 mm 15 mL</td>
<td>polycarbonate</td>
<td>342080&lt;sup&gt;d&lt;/sup&gt; (pkg/100)</td>
<td>12.5</td>
<td>none</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>open-top</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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<td></td>
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<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>18 × 100 mm 15 mL</td>
<td>polyethylene</td>
<td>342081&lt;sup&gt;d&lt;/sup&gt; (pkg/100)</td>
<td>12.5</td>
<td>none</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>open-top</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>18 × 100 mm 15 mL</td>
<td>polypropylene</td>
<td>342082&lt;sup&gt;d&lt;/sup&gt; (pkg/100)</td>
<td>12.5</td>
<td>none</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>open-top</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
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<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>16 × 75 mm 10 mL</td>
<td>polylallomer</td>
<td>355640 (pkg/25)</td>
<td>8</td>
<td>adapter (polypropylene)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>thickwall</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>16 × 75 mm 10 mL</td>
<td>polycarbonate</td>
<td>355630 (pkg/25)</td>
<td>8</td>
<td>adapter</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>thickwall</td>
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<tr>
<td>13 × 64 mm 4 mL</td>
<td>polylallomer</td>
<td>355644 (pkg/25)</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>adapter (Delrin)&lt;sup&gt;c&lt;/sup&gt;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>thickwall</td>
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<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>13 × 64 mm 4 mL</td>
<td>polycarbonate</td>
<td>355645 (pkg/25)</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>adapter</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>thickwall</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>16 × 80 mm 4 mL</td>
<td>polycarbonate</td>
<td>355672 (pkg/25)</td>
<td>10</td>
<td>adapter</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>bottle w/screw cap</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>12 × 75 mm 3 mL</td>
<td>glass tube&lt;sup&gt;f&lt;/sup&gt;</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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<td></td>
<td></td>
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</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<sup>a</sup> Above 20°C fill polypropylene tubes at least half full.

<sup>b</sup> Maximum speeds listed are guidelines only. These speeds have been achieved in reliability tests at Beckman Coulter, but because of manufacturing variations, no guarantee of performance or fit is expressed or implied. Beckman Coulter tubes are recommended for use in this rotor.

<sup>c</sup> RCF and k factors calculated for outer row of tubes.

<sup>d</sup> To order caps for 15-mL tubes 342080, 342081, and 342082, use part number 343656 for a package of 50. Caps 343656 are made of Hytrel thermoplastic polyester elastomer. Hytrel is a registered trademark of E.I. Du Pont de Nemours & Co. Note that Hytrel does not provide the same chemical resistance as the tube materials. Before using the caps, check with the manufacturer to verify Hytrel’s ability to withstand exposure to the chemicals you will be using.

<sup>e</sup> Delrin is a registered trademark of E. I. Du Pont de Nemours and Co.

<sup>f</sup> Commercially available. Observe manufacturer’s speed and fill volume guidelines.
Temperature Limits

- Plastic tubes have been centrifuge tested for use at temperatures between 2 and 25°C. For centrifugation at other temperatures, pretest tubes under anticipated run conditions.

- If plastic containers are frozen before use, make sure that they are thawed to at least 2°C prior to centrifugation.

Thickwall Tubes

Thickwall polyethylene, polycarbonate, and polypropylene tubes can be run partially filled (at least half filled), but all opposing tubes for a run must be filled to the same level with liquid of the same density. Do not overfill capless tubes.

Polycarbonate Bottles

Capped polycarbonate bottles may be centrifuged completely filled, or partially filled (not less than half full). Containers placed in opposing positions in the rotor must be filled to the same level.

RUN TIMES

To pellet particles of known sedimentation coefficient $s$, calculate the run time $t$ using the $k$ factor of the rotor\(^2\) (288 for the outer row of tubes; 399 for the inner row). Time is in hours and $s$ is in Svedberg units.

$$t = \frac{k}{s} \left( \frac{25,000}{\text{actual run speed}} \right)^2$$

(1)

\(^2\) Based on sedimentation in water at 20°C. Assumes full tubes.
Since the $k$ factor of the inner row of tubes is 399, the time required to pellet mammalian viruses ($s = 700$ S) at 25 000 rpm in a tube in the inner row is:

$$t = \frac{399 \times (25\,000)^2}{700 \times 25\,000} \approx 30\,\text{minutes.} \quad (2)$$

For the outer row of tubes, the time required to pellet the same viruses is:

$$t = \frac{288 \times (25\,000)^2}{700 \times 25\,000} \approx 25\,\text{minutes.} \quad (3)$$

**RUN SPEEDS**

The centrifugal force at a given radius in a rotor is a function of run speed. Comparisons of forces between different rotors are made by comparing the rotors’ relative centrifugal fields (RCF). When rotational speed is selected so that identical samples are subjected to the same RCF in two different rotors, the samples are subjected to the same force (see Table 4). (This information is repeated on a perforated page at the back of this publication for quick reference.)

**Do not select rotational speeds higher than the maximums you have determined to be appropriate for your protocols (in no case above 25 000 rpm).** When solutions more dense than 1.2 g/mL are centrifuged in this rotor, use equation (4) to calculate the reduced maximum allowable rotor speed.

$$\text{reduced maximum speed} = (25\,000) \sqrt[1.2\,\text{g/mL}]{\text{density of tube contents}} \quad (4)$$
Table 4. Relative Centrifugal Fields for the JA-25.15 Rotor.
Entries in this table are calculated from the formula

$$\text{RCF} = 1.12 r \left( \frac{\text{RPM}}{1000} \right)^2$$

and then rounded to three significant digits.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Rotor Speed (rpm)</th>
<th>Outer Row Relative Centrifugal Field ($\times g$)</th>
<th>Inner Row Relative Centrifugal Field ($\times g$)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>At $r_{\text{max}}$ (106 mm)</td>
<td>At $r_{\text{min}}$ (52 mm)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>25 000</td>
<td>74 200</td>
<td>36 400</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>23 000</td>
<td>62 800</td>
<td>30 800</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>21 000</td>
<td>52 400</td>
<td>25 700</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>19 000</td>
<td>42 900</td>
<td>21 000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>17 000</td>
<td>34 300</td>
<td>16 800</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>15 000</td>
<td>26 700</td>
<td>13 100</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>13 000</td>
<td>20 000</td>
<td>9 840</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>11 000</td>
<td>14 400</td>
<td>7 050</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9 000</td>
<td>9 620</td>
<td>4 720</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7 000</td>
<td>5 820</td>
<td>2 860</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5 000</td>
<td>2 970</td>
<td>1 460</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

![Graph of Outer Row RCF vs Speed](image1)

![Graph of Inner Row RCF vs Speed](image2)
CARE AND MAINTENANCE

MAINTENANCE

NOTE

Do not use sharp tools on the rotor that could cause scratches in the rotor surface. Corrosion begins in scratches and may open fissures in the rotor with continued use.

- Periodically (at least monthly) inspect the rotor, especially inside cavities, for rough spots or pitting, white powder deposits (frequently aluminum oxide), or heavy discoloration. If any of these signs are evident, do not run the rotor. Contact your Beckman Coulter representative for information about the Field Rotor Inspection Program and the rotor repair center.

- Regularly lubricate the metal threads in the rotor with a thin, even coat of Spinkote lubricant. Failure to keep these threads lubricated can result in damaged threads.

- Regularly apply silicone vacuum grease to the O-rings. Replace O-rings about twice a year or whenever worn or damaged.

Refer to Appendix A in Rotors and Tubes for chemical compatibilities of rotor and accessory materials. Your Beckman Coulter representative provides contact with the Field Rotor Inspection Program and the rotor repair center.

CLEANING

Wash the rotor and rotor components immediately if salts or other corrosive materials are used or if spillage has occurred. Do not allow corrosive materials to dry on the rotor.

Under normal use, wash the rotor frequently (at least weekly) to prevent buildup of residues.

1. Remove the O-rings before washing.

2. Wash the rotor and lid in a mild detergent, such as Beckman Solution 555™, that won’t damage the rotor. The Rotor Cleaning Kit (339558) contains two special plastic-coated brushes and two quarts of Solution 555 for use with rotors and accessories. Dilute the detergent 10 to 1 with water.
**NOTE**

Do not wash rotor components in a dishwasher. Do not soak in detergent solution for long periods, such as overnight.

3. Thoroughly rinse the cleaned rotor and components with distilled water.

4. Air-dry the rotor and lid upside down. *Do not use acetone to dry the rotor.*

5. Apply a thin, even coat of silicone vacuum grease to both lid O-rings before replacing them in the grooves in the lid.

Clean metal threads every 6 months, or as necessary. Use a brush and concentrated Solution 555. Rinse and dry thoroughly, then lubricate lightly but evenly with Spinkote to coat all threads.

Periodically remove the O-rings and wipe clean as necessary. Clean the O-ring grooves with a cotton-tipped swab. Reapply a light film of silicone vacuum grease.

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**DECONTAMINATION**

If the rotor (and/or accessories) becomes contaminated with radioactive material, it should be decontaminated using a solution that will not damage the anodized surfaces. Beckman Coulter has tested a number of solutions and found two that do not harm anodized aluminum: RadCon Surface Spray or IsoClean Solution (for soaking), and Radiacwash.

**NOTE**

IsoClean can cause fading of colored anodized surfaces. Use it only when necessary and remove it promptly from surfaces.

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3 In U.S., contact Nuclear Associates (New York); in Eastern Europe and Commonwealth States, contact Victoreen GmbH (Munich); in South Pacific, contact Gammasionics Pty. Ltd. (Australia); in Japan, contact Toyo Medic Co. Ltd. (Tokyo).

4 In U.S., contact Biodex Medical Systems (Shirley, New York); internationally, contact the U.S. office to find the dealer closest to you.
While Beckman Coulter has tested these methods and found that they do not damage components, no guarantee of sterility or disinfection is expressed or implied. Consult your laboratory safety officer regarding the proper decontamination methods to use.

If the rotor or other components are contaminated with toxic or pathogenic materials, follow all appropriate safety and decontamination procedures as outlined by your laboratory safety officer.

STERILIZATION AND DISINFECTION

• The rotor and all rotor components can be autoclaved at 121°C for up to an hour. Remove the lid from the rotor and place the rotor, lid, and spacers in the autoclave upside down.

• Ethanol (70%)\(^5\) or hydrogen peroxide (6%) may be used on all rotor components, including those made of plastic. Bleach (sodium hypochlorite) may be used, but may cause discoloration of anodized surfaces. Use the minimum immersion time for each solution, per laboratory standards.

While Beckman Coulter has tested these methods and found that they do not damage the rotor or components, no guarantee of sterility or disinfection is expressed or implied. When sterilization or disinfection is a concern, consult your laboratory safety officer regarding proper methods to use.

Refer to publication IN-192, included in each box of tubes or bottles, for tube and bottle sterilization and disinfection procedures.

STORAGE

When the rotor is not in use, store it in a dry environment (not in the instrument) with the lid removed to allow air circulation so moisture will not collect in the tube cavities.

\(^5\) Flammability hazard. Do not use in or near operating centrifuges.
RETURNING A ROTOR

Before returning a rotor or accessory for any reason, prior permission (a Returned Goods Authorization form) must be obtained from Beckman Coulter, Inc. This RGA form, which may be obtained from your local Beckman Coulter sales office, should contain the following information:

- rotor serial number,
- history of use (approximate frequency of use),
- reason for the return,
- original purchase order number, billing number, and shipping number, if possible,
- name and phone number of the person to be notified upon receipt of the rotor or accessory at the factory, and
- name and phone number of the person to be notified about repair costs, etc.

To protect our personnel, it is the customer’s responsibility to ensure that the parts are free from pathogens and/or radioactivity. Sterilization and decontamination must be done before returning the parts. Smaller items (such as tubes, bottles, etc.) should be enclosed in a sealed plastic bag.

All parts must be accompanied by a note, plainly visible on the outside of the box or bag, stating that they are safe to handle and that they are not contaminated with pathogens or radioactivity.

Failure to attach this notification will result in return or disposal of the items without review of the reported problem.

Use the address label printed on the RGA form when mailing the rotor and/or accessories to:

Beckman Coulter, Inc.
1050 Page Mill Road
Palo Alto, CA 94304

Attention: Returned Goods

Customers located outside the United States should contact their local Beckman Coulter office.
SUPPLY LIST

NOTE

Publications referenced in this manual can be obtained by calling Beckman Coulter at 1-800-742-2345 in the United States, or by contacting your local Beckman Coulter office.

Contact Beckman Coulter Sales (1-800-742-2345 in the United States), or your local Beckman Coulter office, or see the High Performance, High Speed, High Capacity Rotors, Tubes & Accessories catalog (BR-8102) for detailed information on ordering parts and supplies. For your convenience, a partial list is given below.

REPLACEMENT ROTOR PARTS

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Part Description</th>
<th>Part Number</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Rotor assembly, single-locking lid</td>
<td>363054</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Rotor assembly, dual-locking lid</td>
<td>363050</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lid assembly, dual locking (tie-down assembly included)</td>
<td>363024</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Rotor lid, single locking</td>
<td>363047</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Large O-ring for lid</td>
<td>964911</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Small O-ring for lid</td>
<td>011757</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

SUPPLIES

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Part Description</th>
<th>Part Number</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Tubes, bottles, and adapters</td>
<td>see Table 3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Rotor Cleaning Kit</td>
<td>339558</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Rotor removal tool</td>
<td>346965</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Silicone vacuum grease (1 oz)</td>
<td>335148</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Solution 555 (1 qt)</td>
<td>339555</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Spinkote lubricant (2 oz)</td>
<td>306812</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
J SERIES ROTOR WARRANTY

Subject to the conditions specified below and the warranty clause of the Beckman Coulter, Inc., terms and conditions of sale in effect at the time of sale, Beckman Coulter, Inc. agrees to correct either by repair, or, at its election, by replacement, any defects of material or workmanship which develop within seven (7) years after delivery of a J series rotor to the original buyer by Beckman Coulter, Inc. or by an authorized representative, provided that investigation and factory inspection by Beckman Coulter, Inc. discloses that such defect developed under normal and proper use. Should a Beckman Coulter centrifuge be damaged due to a failure of a rotor covered by this warranty, Beckman Coulter will supply free of charge all centrifuge parts required for repair.

REPLACEMENT

Any product claimed to be defective must, if requested by Beckman Coulter, Inc., be returned to the factory, transportation charges prepaid, and will be returned to Buyer with the transportation charges collect unless the product is found to be defective, in which case Beckman Coulter, Inc. will pay all transportation charges.

A defective rotor will be replaced by Beckman Coulter, Inc. at its then current list price less a credit based upon the age of the rotor (years since date of purchase). The Buyer shall not receive credit until the claimed defective rotor is returned to Beckman Coulter’s Palo Alto, California, facility or delivered to a Beckman Field Service representative.

The replacement price (cost to Buyer) for the respective rotor shall be calculated as follows:

$$\text{Replacement price} = \text{Current rotor list price} \times \left(1 - \frac{\text{years}}{7}\right)$$

CONDITIONS

1. Except as otherwise specifically provided herein, this warranty covers the rotor only and Beckman Coulter, Inc. shall not be liable for damage to accessories or ancillary supplies including but not limited to (i) tubes, (ii) tube caps, (iii) tube adapters, or (iv) tube contents.

2. This warranty is void if the rotor has been subjected to customer misuse such as operation or maintenance contrary to the instructions in the Beckman Coulter rotor or centrifuge manual.

3. This warranty is void if the rotor is operated with a rotor drive unit or in a centrifuge unmatched to the rotor characteristics, or is operated in a Beckman Coulter centrifuge that has been improperly disassembled, repaired, or modified.

DISCLAIMER

IT IS EXPRESSLY AGREED THAT THE ABOVE WARRANTY SHALL BE IN LIEU OF ALL WARRANTIES OF FITNESS AND OF THE WARRANTY OF MERCHANTABILITY AND THAT BECKMAN COULTER, INC. SHALL HAVE NO LIABILITY FOR SPECIAL OR CONSEQUENTIAL DAMAGES OF ANY KIND WHATSOEVER ARISING OUT OF THE MANUFACTURE, USE, SALE, HANDLING, REPAIR, MAINTENANCE, OR REPLACEMENT OF THE PRODUCT.